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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/565,106	06/20/2006	Chan-Ho Han	3449-0588PUS1	5535
	7590 09/19/200 ART KOLASCH & BI	EXAMINER		
PO BOX 747	OH ALA 22040 0747	LEE, MICHAEL		
FALLS CHURCH, VA 22040-0747			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2622	
			NOTIFICATION DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			09/19/2008	ELECTRONIC

# Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
	10/565,106	HAN ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	M. Lee	2622			
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL' WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING D.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period v.  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tinwill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from a cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status					
Responsive to communication(s) filed on 19 Ja     This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) ☐ This     Since this application is in condition for alloward closed in accordance with the practice under E	action is non-final. nce except for formal matters, pro				
Disposition of Claims					
<ul> <li>4) ☐ Claim(s) 1-17 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw 5) ☐ Claim(s) 14-17 is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 1,8 and 10-13 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) 2-7, 9 is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o</li> <li>Application Papers 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examine</li> </ul>	wn from consideration. r election requirement.				
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acc Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	epted or b) objected to by the Ediawing(s) be held in abeyance. See ition is required if the drawing(s) is obj	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). ected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
<ul> <li>12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).</li> <li>a) All b) Some * c) None of:</li> <li>1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.</li> <li>2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No</li> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).</li> <li>* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.</li> </ul>					
Attachment(s)  1) \( \int \) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  2) \( \int \) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	4) ☐ Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da	ate			
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:				

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### **DETAILED ACTION**

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claims 1, 8, and 10-13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Orland et al. (4,963,976).

Regarding claim 1, Orland discloses a video/audio signals synchronizer showing a video test signal generator 28 and an audio tone generator 30 for inserting markers into the video and audio signals, respectively, which is the equivalent of the generating step as claimed; and an automatic adjustment means for detecting the delay based on the markers and compensating the delay accordingly (col. 2, lines 45-51), which is the equivalent of the comparing and measuring steps as claimed. However, Orland does not disclose that the synchronizer is operated in the digital domain as claimed. Instead, it is operated in conventional analog domain. However, the examiner takes Official Notice that converting an analog signal into a digital signal to operate in the digital domain is well known in the art for the following reasons. Digital circuits are less affected by noise; digital signals can thus be regenerated to achieve lossless data transmission. Analog signal transmission and processing, by contrast, always introduces noise. Digital systems interface well with computers and are easy to control with software. It is often possible to add new features to a digital system without

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changing hardware, and to do this remotely, just by uploading new software. Design errors or bugs can be worked-around with a software upgrade, after the product is in customer hands. More digital circuitry can be fabricated per square millimeter of integrated-circuit material. Information storage can be much easier in digital systems than in analog ones. In particular, the great noise-immunity of digital systems makes it possible to store data and retrieve it later without degradation. In an analog system, aging and wear and tear will degrade the information in storage, but in a digital system, as long as the wear and tear is below a certain level, the information can be recovered perfectly. Hence, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time that the invention was made to modify Orland so that the system could be operated in digital domain in view of advantages above.

Regarding claim 8, see rejection above.

Regarding claim 10, the vertical blanking interval in Orland is the equivalent of the Transient Effect Area as claimed.

Regarding claims 11-13, Orland does not use the test signals to represent frame numbers and signal information as claimed. In any event, the examiner takes Official Notice that using digital words to represent a frame number or signal information is well known in the art since digital words are meant to represent some numbers or values. Hence, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time that the invention was made to modify Orland so that the digital signals could be used to represent frame numbers or signal information.

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## Allowable Subject Matter

3. Claims 14-17 are allowed.

4. Claims 2-7 and 9 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

#### Conclusion

5. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

Cooper (RE33535) shows a lip synchronizer.

6. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to M. Lee whose telephone number 571-272-7349. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Thursday from 9 to 6.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Sinh Tran, can be reached on 571-272-7564. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

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